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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/827,012 04/05/2001 Richard G. Hartmann END9 2000 0172 US1 5719 7590 01/18/2005 **EXAMINER** IBM CORPORATION PHAM, THOMAS K INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW (Dept. 917, Bldg. 006-1) 3605 HIGHWAY 52 NORTH **ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 01/18/2005

2121

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	09/827,012	HARTMANN ET AL.
	Examin r	Art Unit
	Thomas K Pham	2121
The MAILING DATE of this communication app ars on the cover she twith the correspondence address Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		
Status		
<ol> <li>Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 November 2004.</li> <li>This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.</li> <li>Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.</li> </ol>		
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>		
Attachment(s)		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	

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#### Response to Amendment

- 1. This action is in response to request for re-consideration filed on 11/10/2004.
- 2. Claims 1-15 have been considered but they are not persuasive.
- 3. Applicant's amendment, with respect to the new issue of claims 1, 8, 9 and 12-15 necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action.

## **Quotations of U.S. Code Title 35**

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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# Specification

- 8. Claim 2 is objected to because of the following informalities: the original specification does not provide the same description for the term "implicit request" as stated the remark of the amendment. Appropriate correction is required.
- 9. Claim 3 is objected to because of the following informalities: the original specification does not provide the same description for the term "explicit request" as stated the remark of the amendment. Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. Claims 1-3, 5-7, 12 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,931,913 ("Meriwether") in view of U.S. Patent 6,304,905 ("Clark").

#### Regarding claims 1, 12 and 14

Meriwether teaches operating a client to establish a network connection with a server, comprising: negotiating environment parameters for establishing a connection-oriented connection with said server (col. 7 lines 40-44, "a communication channel is established ... to established a session"); said parameters including a request for said server to provide a confirmation/status record (col. 3 lines 46-49, "Establishment of the communications ... the communications channel"); and responsive to said request, receiving said confirmation/status record (col. 7 lines 47-52, "The request may be communicated ... to the client 214"). Meriwether does not teach the confirmation record containing descriptive information about a connection which is held for the duration of a file transfer or dialog. However, Clark teaches connection between clients and a server via a telnet session in which the client issues a request to a sever and

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the server must response back with a mandatory descriptive information about the connection

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(col. 7 lines 1-11, "a first network node issues ... to the client promptly or immediately") for the

purpose of inquiring whether the server is on-line and accepting the negotiation with the client.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to incorporate the request/response negotiation of Clark with Meriwether because it

would provide for the purpose of inquiring whether the server is on-line and accepting the

negotiation with the client.

Regarding claim 2

Meriwether teaches request being an implicit request (col. 3 lines 52-54, "may involve

communicating data ... the terminal and the host").

Regarding claim 3

Meriwether teaches request being an explicit request (col. 3 lines 49-52, "The indication of

readiness ... between the client and the server").

Regarding claim 5

Clark teaches the confirmation record including a response code indicative of the cause of a

failed connection (col. 7 lines 5-7, "The responsive message may be ... a confirmation, or the

like.").

Regarding claim 6

Meriwether responsive to said response code, retrying said negotiating step (col. 8 lines 55-63,

"Those skill in the art .. establishment messages illustrated").

Regarding claim 7

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Meriwether teaches client being a Telnet client, and said negotiating step including negotiating new environment and terminal type parameters (col. 4 lines 3-31, "a session may be ... the second number of transfers").

11. Claims 4, 8-11, 13 and 15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meriwether in view of Clark and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,128,662 ("Bolton").

### Regarding claim 4

Meriwether and Clark teach operating a client to establish a network connection with a server providing a confirmation record but does not teach a device name assigned by the server to the client connection. However, Bolton teaches a virtual name is generated by the server to the client during negotiation (col. 7 lines 50-56, "we generate the model string ... the device type as the key") for the purpose of eliminating the need of the server to maintain a table of different devices. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the virtual device name of Bolton with the systems of Meriwether and Clark because it would provide for the purpose of eliminating the need of a server to maintain a table of different devices.

## Regarding claims 8, 9, 13 and 15

Meriwether teaches operating a server in a network, comprising the steps of: receiving a connection request from a client (col. 3 lines 46-49, "Establishment of the communications ... the communications channel"); inviting said client to negotiate environment parameters (col. 7 lines 54-62, "a Telnet logon dialog ... binary transmission option negotiation"); responsive to client acceptance, negotiating said parameters (col. 7 line 65 to col. 8 line 4, "terminal type

information received ... and the server 232"), responsive to receiving a request for a confirmation record, providing to said client a confirmation record (col. 7 lines 47-52, "The request may be communicated ... to the client 214"). Meriwether does not teach assigning a virtual device name to said client; and the confirmation record containing descriptive information about a connection which is held for the duration of a file transfer or dialog including, for a successful connection, said virtual device name and, for an unsuccessful connection, a return code indicative of the cause of failure of said connection. However, Clark teaches connection between clients and a server via a telnet session in which the client issues a request to a sever and the server must response back with a mandatory descriptive information about the connection (col. 7 lines 1-11, "a first network node issues ... to the client promptly or immediately") for the purpose of inquiring whether the server is on-line and accepting the negotiation with the client. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the request/response negotiation of Clark with Meriwether because it would provide for the purpose of inquiring whether the server is on-line and accepting the negotiation with the client. Furthermore, Bolton teaches a virtual name is generated by the server to the client during negotiation (col. 7 lines 50-56, "we generate the model string ... the device type as the key") for the purpose of eliminating the need of the server to maintain a table of different devices. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the virtual device name of Bolton with the system of Meriwether because it would provide for the purpose of eliminating the need of a server to maintain a table of different devices.

# Regarding claim 10

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Meriwether teaches server being a Telnet server and said client a Telnet client (col. 4 lines 3-31,

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"a session may be ... the second number of transfers").

Regarding claim 11

Meriwether teaches connection oriented protocol being a Telnet protocol according to which new

environment parameters including an express or implicit request for said confirmation record

may be negotiated (col. 3 lines 46-66, "Establishment of the communications ... the server and

the host").

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-15 have been considered but are moot in 12.

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

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13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this

Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to examiner *Thomas Pham*; whose telephone number is (571) 272-3689, Monday to Thursday

from 6:30 AM - 5:00 PM EST or contact Supervisor Mr. Anthony Knight at (571) 272-3687.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private

PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

**Thomas Pham** 

Patent Examiner

TP

January 12, 2005

Anthony Knight

final st for

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Group 3600